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Plasma physics simulations with PIC codes

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What is plasma?

- ▶ A plasma is a quasineutral gas containing charged particles. In the most common case, the plasma consists of electrons and positively charged ions.
- ▶ The fundamental characteristics and properties of plasma are:

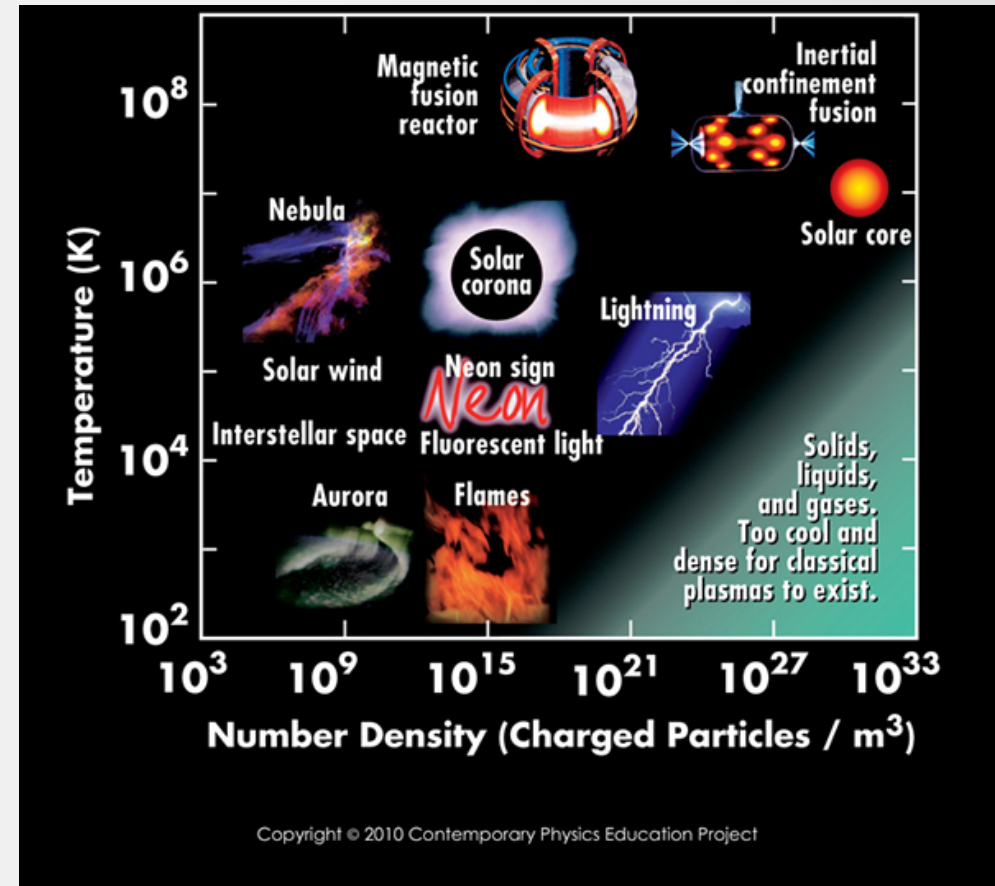
- ▶ The **quasineutrality** ($N_e = N_i$).
- ▶ The volume where the plasma quasineutrality is violated is characterized

by the **Debye length** ($\lambda_D = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0 k T_e}{n_0 e^2}}$).

- ▶ **Plasma temperature** ($T \gg \frac{e^2 n^{1/3}}{\epsilon_0 k}$).

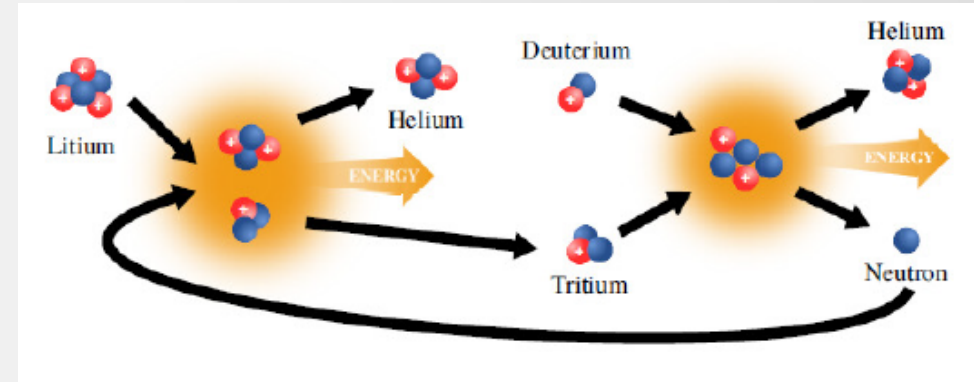
- ▶ **Plasma frequency** ($\omega_{pe} = \sqrt{\frac{ne^2}{\epsilon_0 m_e}}$).

- ▶ **Plasma density** ($n \gg 1/\lambda_D$).

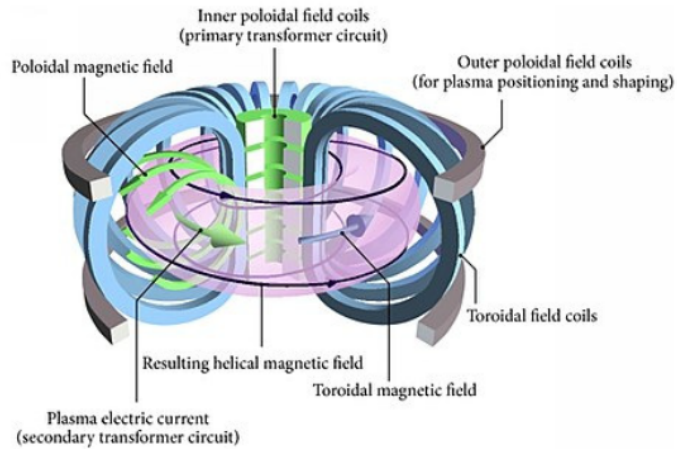


Nuclear fusion

- ▶ Nuclear fusion - process of combining light atomic nucleus into heavier ones due to the kinetic energy of their thermal motion.
- ▶ The thermonuclear fusion energy occurs in the form of:
 - ▶ thermonuclear weapons (hydrogen bomb), where an uncontrolled nuclear reaction with a explosive nature takes place;
 - ▶ fusion reactors, where a controlled nuclear reaction takes place.

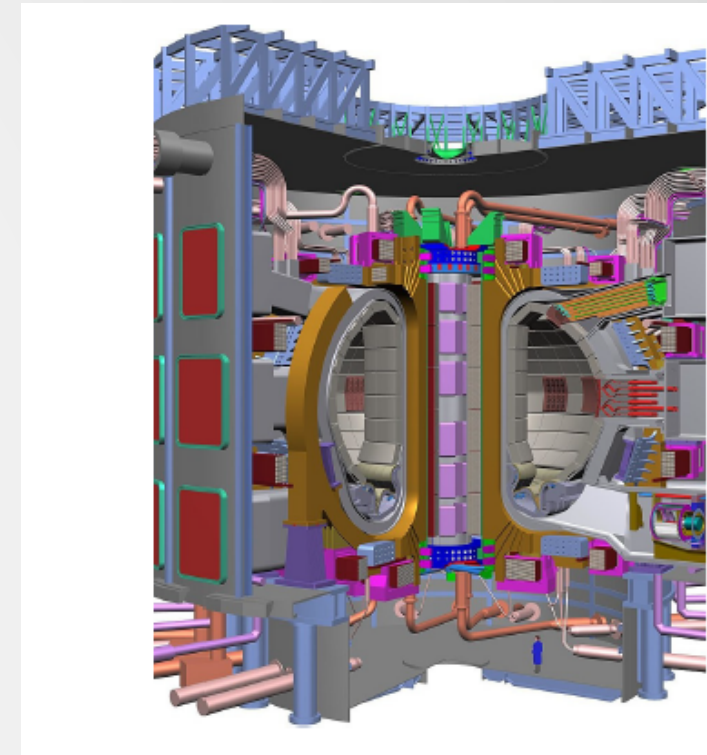


Fusion reactors - tokamak



▶ ITER parameters:

- ▶ power 500 MW,
- ▶ ratio of the fusion energy synthesis to heating energy not less than 10,
- ▶ burning plasma time 400 s,
- ▶ large and small radii torus 6.2 m and 2 m, respectively,
- ▶ plasma volume 840 m³,
- ▶ plasma current 15 MA. As a fuel it uses a mixture of deuterium with tritium.

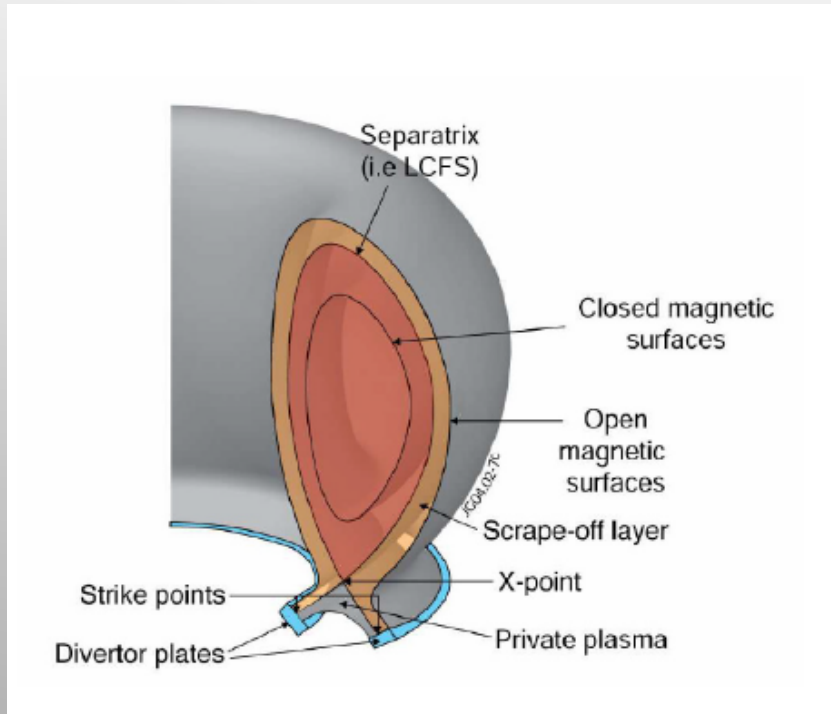


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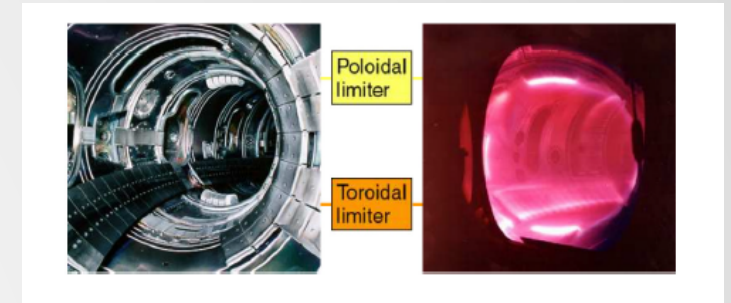
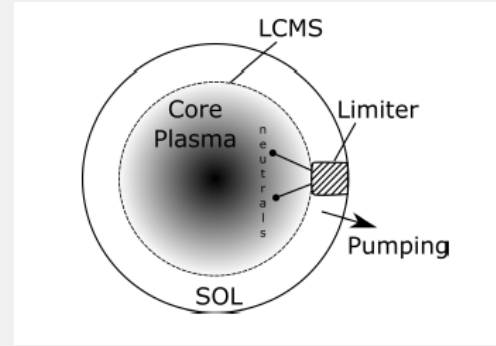


Plasma Scrape-Off Layer (SOL)

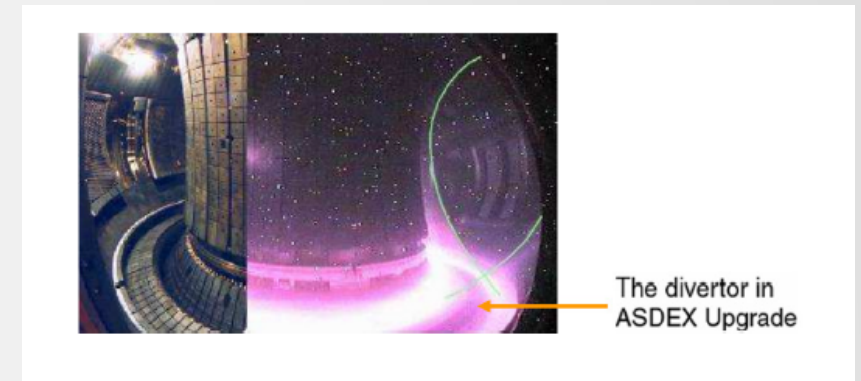
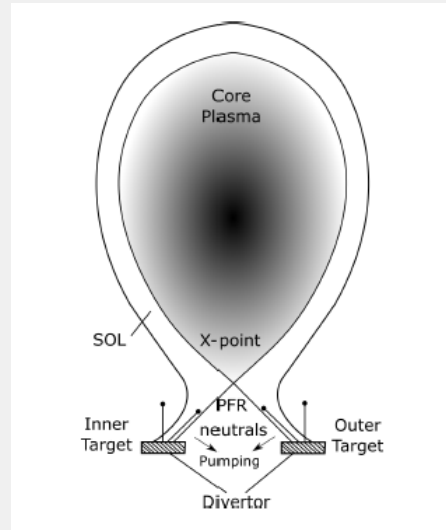
Field lines in tokamak



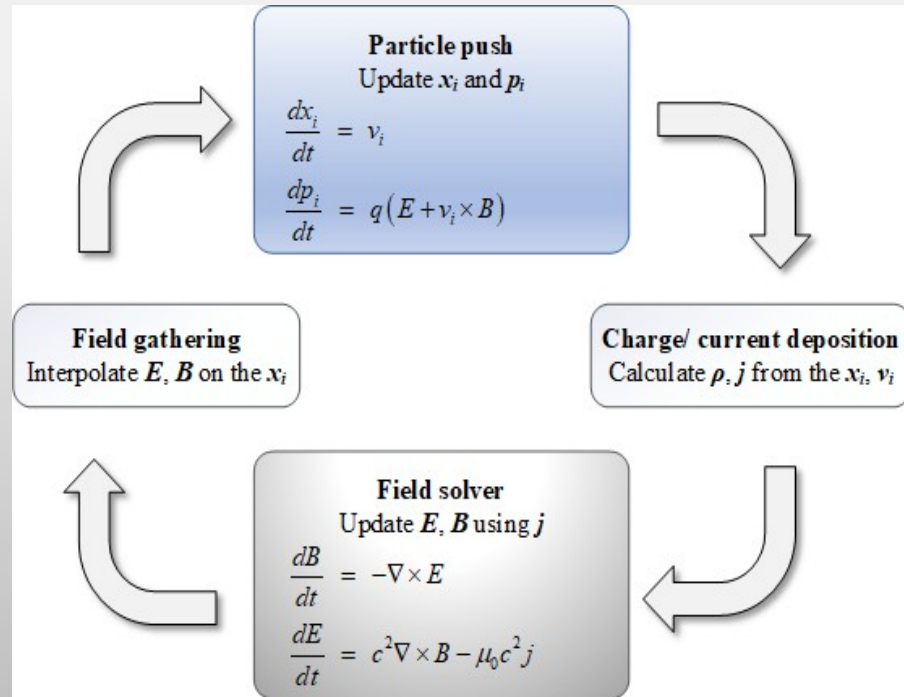
Limiter configuration



Divertor configuration



Kinetic modelling plasma tool - Particle-In-Cell (PIC) codes



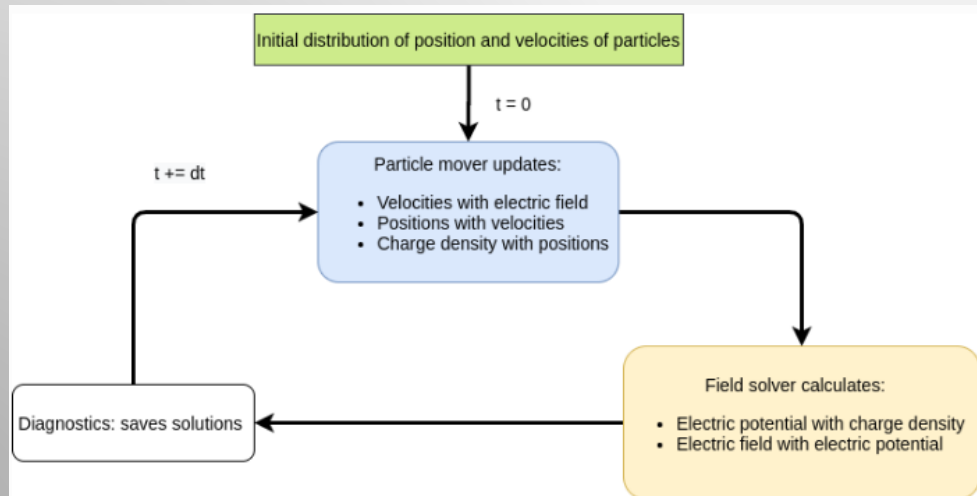
Main PIC code algorithm

► Features:

- Calculates super-particles motion. Each super-particle represents many particles in the plasma (more particles \rightarrow more accuracy). This feature is called **particle mover**.
- Takes into account fields generated by the particles and external circuits, this feature is called **field solver**. Two types of description:
 - **Electrostatic codes**: Solves the Poisson's equation for the electric field.
 - **Electromagnetic codes**: Solves a set of Maxwell's equations.

Simple PIC code (SimPIC)

- ▶ Code documentation: <https://lecad-peg.bitbucket.io/simpic/simpic.html?highligh>
- ▶ SIMPIC workflow:



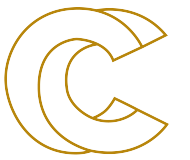
- ▶ Input variables in SIMPIC:

NT=200 # of time steps
PPC=100 # of particles per cell
CPP=64 # of cell per process
DTFACTOR=0.001 #defines a fraction of dt vs. time steps from plasma frequency; #must be positive
NPROC=4 # of processors
LHSV=25000 #applied voltage on left-hand side; RHS is grounded;

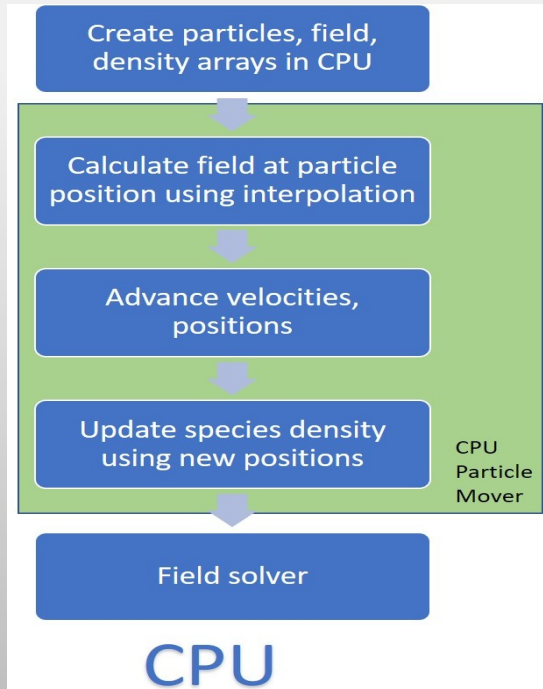
- ▶ Output results:

den #density
E # electric field
phi # potential
vxx # phase space
nt # time evolution of number of particles per processor
File format for each processor is:
time, relative_position, value

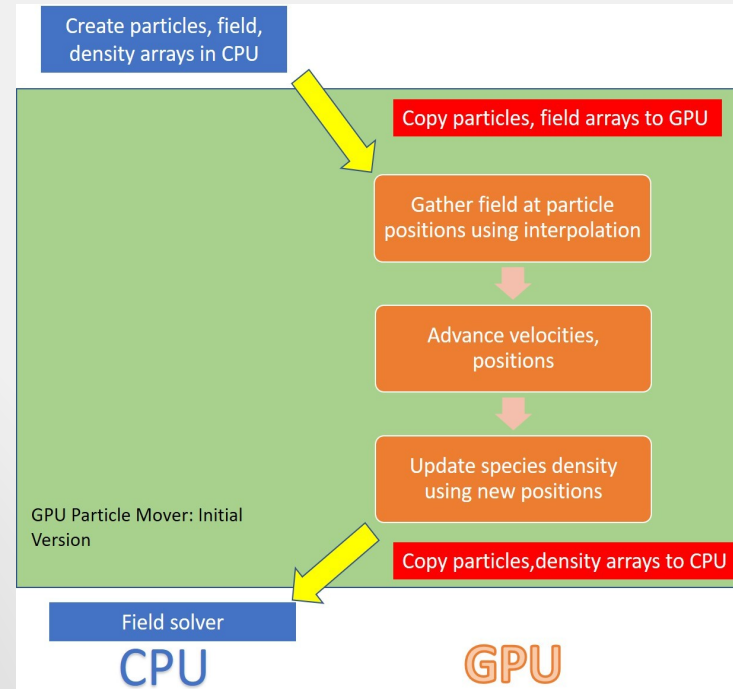
Comparing CPU vs GPU Particle Mover



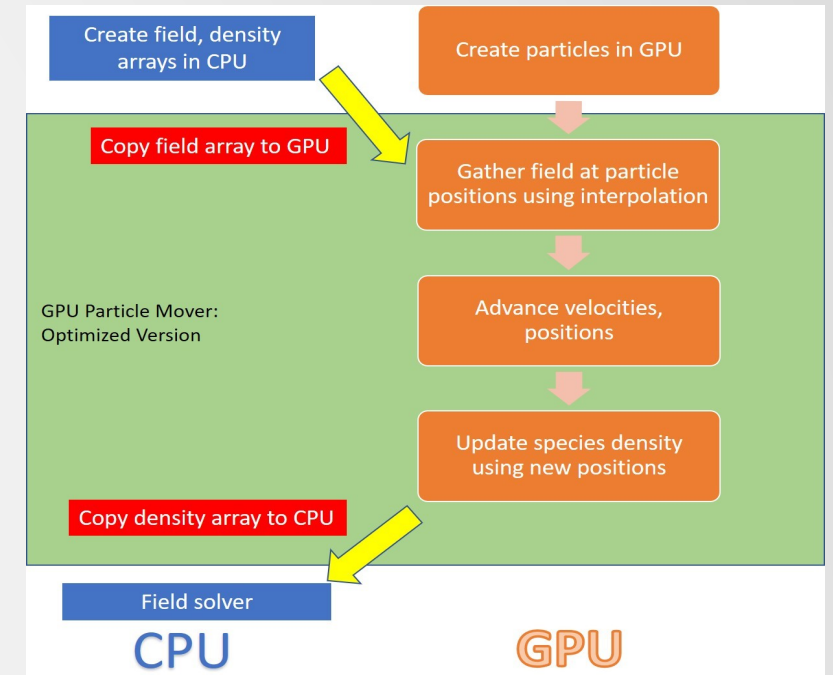
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CPU SIMPIC
of the particle
mover

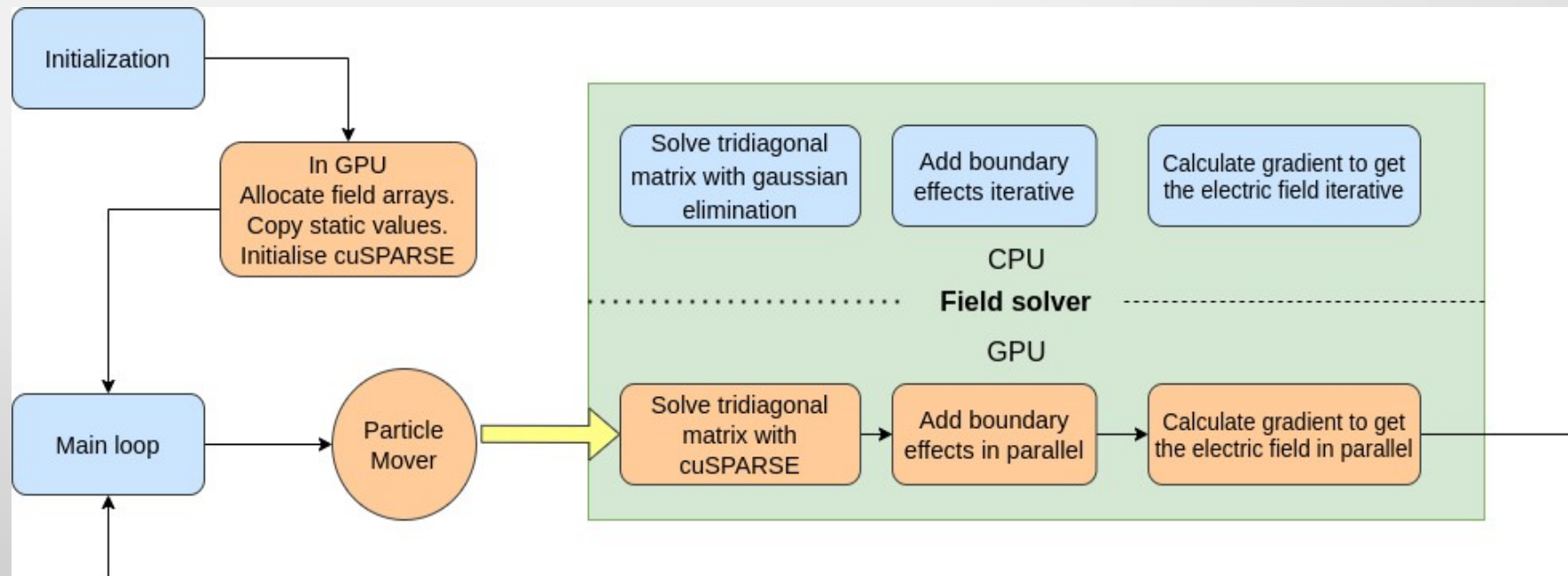


GPU SIMPIC
of the particle mover:
Initial Version



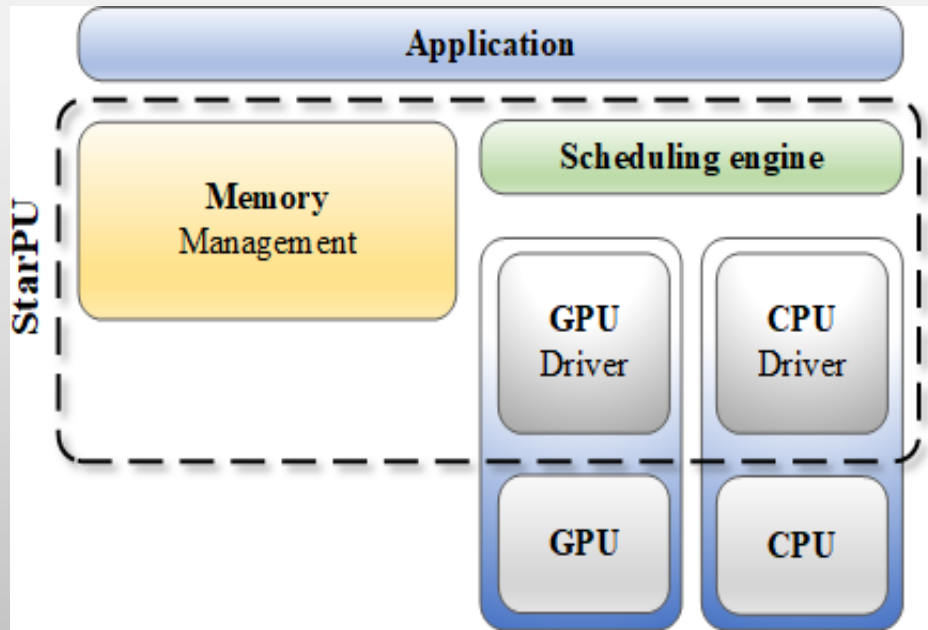
GPU SIMPIC
of the particle mover:
Optimized Version

GPU field solver



GPU of the field solver

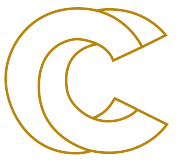
Heterogeneous Computing. Why StarPU?



Function scheme of the StarPU run system

- ▶ Heterogeneous Computing uses all available processing units (CPUs, GPUs) for computation
- ▶ StarPU enables portability of code across various architectures and ensures interaction between different PUs
- ▶ StarPU implements task based parallelism. Each task could be a CPU function, CUDA kernel or OpenCL kernel.

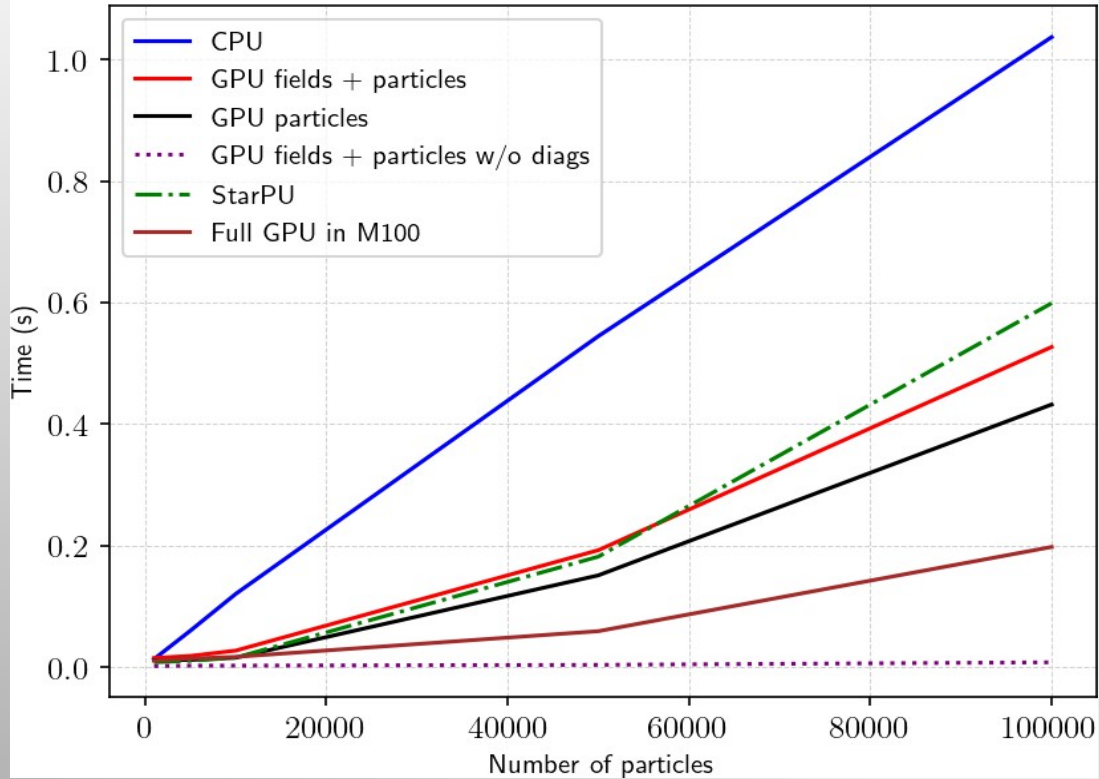
Benchmarks for fully GPU version



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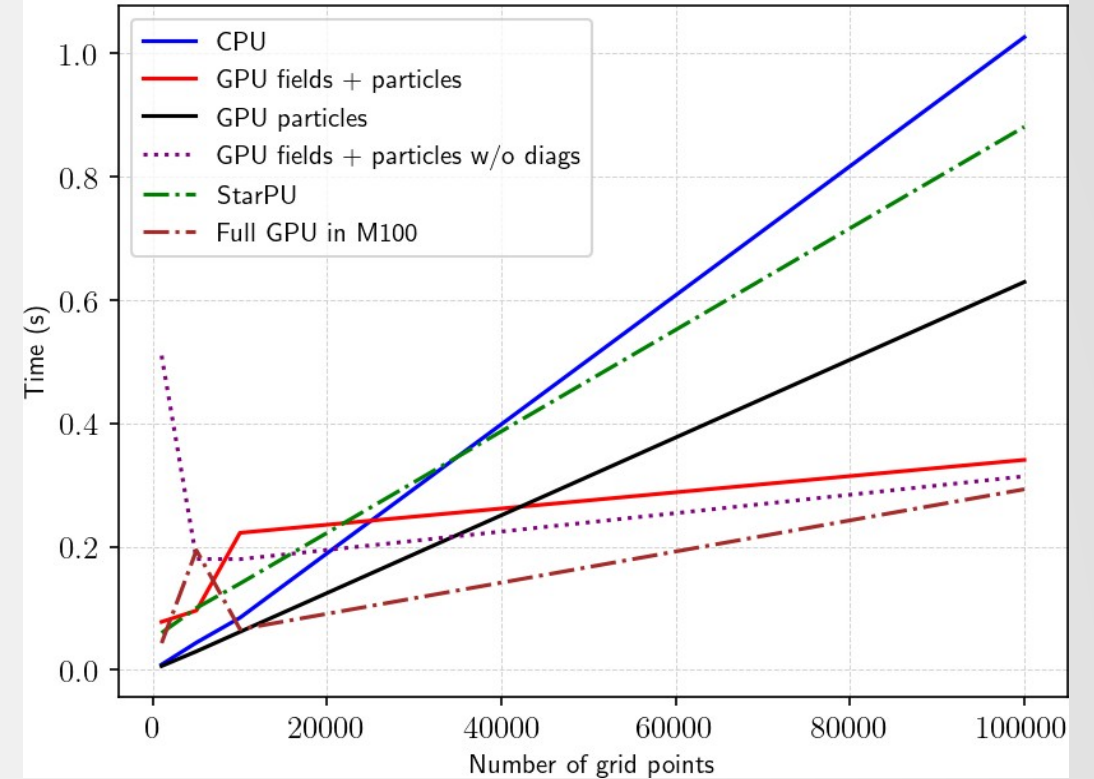
$n_{grid} = 1000$, $dt_{factor} = 0.001$, time steps = 200

Particle mover time for the GPU versions



$n_{particles} = 100000$, $dt_{factor} = 0.001$, time steps = 200

Field solver time for the GPU versions



Building SIMPIC on VIZ-HPC

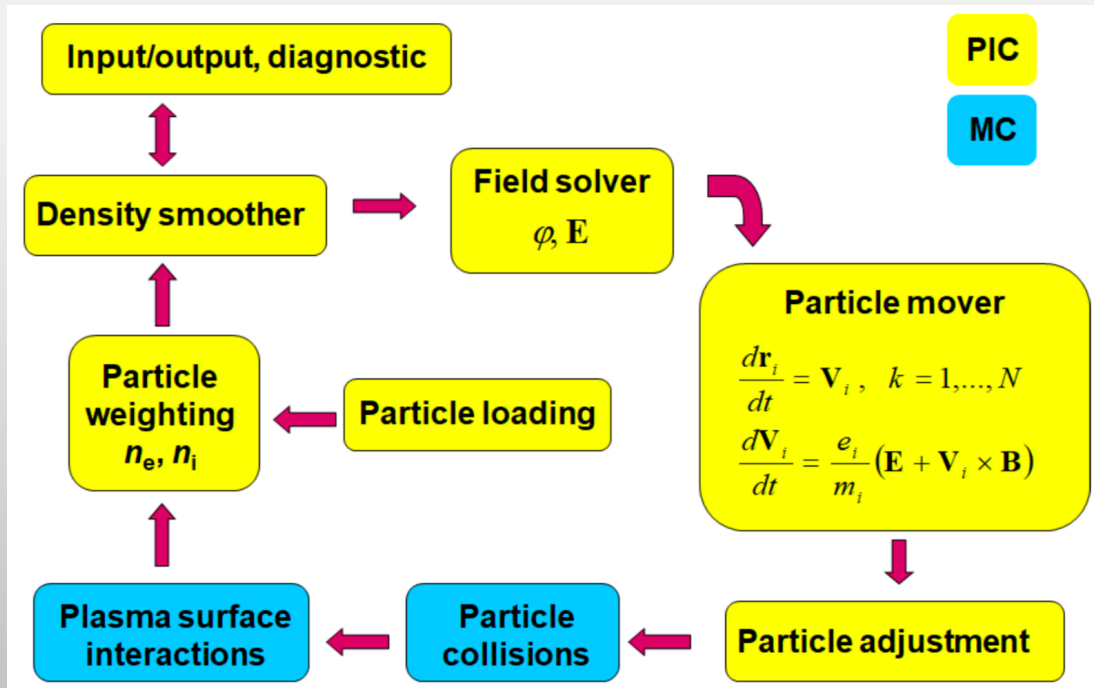
```
git clone https://bitbucket.org/lecad-peg/simpic.git
module load Python/3.7.4-GCCcore-8.3.0 #HOME DIRECTORY
module load OpenMPI/3.1.4-gccuda-2019b #HOME DIRECTORY
python3 -m venv simpyenv #HOME DIRECTORY
source simpyenv/bin/activate #HOME DIRECTORY
python3 -m pip install --upgrade pip sphinx_rtd_theme #HOME DIRECTORY
pip install numpy scipy pandas matplotlib #HOME DIRECTORY
pip list #HOME DIRECTORY
cd simpic
cd GPU_mover_fields #GPU version
make
./runsimpic.sh 2> run.log

For CPU versions first is needed to install STARPU
wget https://files.inria.fr/starpu/starpu-1.3.4/starpu-1.3.4.tar.gz
tar xvf starpu-1.3.4.tar.gz
cd starpu-1.3.4
mkdir build
cd build
../configure --prefix=$HOME/starpu
make
make install
export PKG_CONFIG_PATH=$PKG_CONFIG_PATH:$HOME/starpu/lib/pkgconfig #IN SIMPIC
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$HOME/starpu/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH #IN SIMPIC
export PATH=$PATH:$HOME/starpu/bin #IN SIMPIC
```

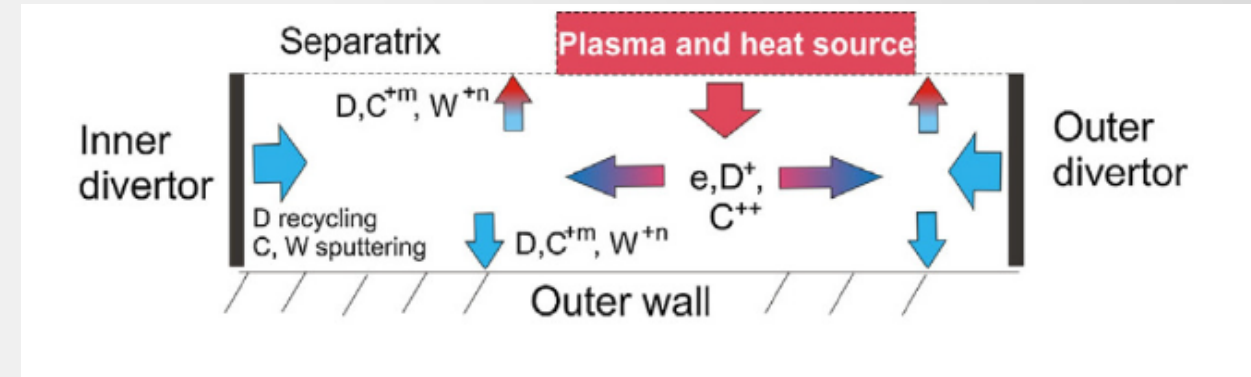
SIMPIC tasks:

- ▶ Run the code changing the input parameters (increasing and decreasing the number of cells, number of particles and applied voltage);
- ▶ Plot the plasma parameters with different input parameters;
- ▶ Do the same with GPU version of the code;
- ▶ With fixed input parameters run both codes CPU and GPU version and compare running time, plot graphs

OOPD1 and BIT1, PIC code



PIC/MC algorithm codes



Simulation geometry of tokamak in BIT1

Building OOPD1,PIC on VIZ-HPC

```
cp -r /home/ivasileska/test_oopd1 .
module load tk/8.6.8/intel-18.0.2-kzhkvu6
module load X11/20190717-GCCcore-8.3.0
module load OpenMPI/3.1.4-GCC-8.3.0
cd test_oopd1
cd xgrafx
nano run_conf.sh
IN run_conf.sh #CHANGE PLEASE PREFIX prefix=$HOME/opt/xgrafx
#SAVE
./run_conf.sh
make
make install
cd ..
cd oopd1
make
./pd1 -h

./pd1 -i inp/test.inp -s 1000 #SIMPLE CASE
./pd1 -i inp/argon_10mTorr_27MHz.inp -s 1000 #ARGON CASE
```

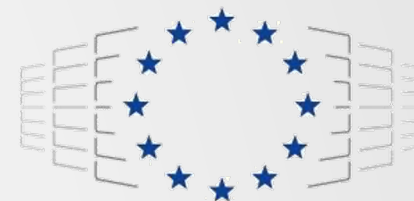
Building BIT1,PIC on VIZ-HPC

```
module load OpenMPI/3.1.3-GCC-8.2.0-2.31.1
cp /home/ivasileska/BIT1.tar.gz . #home directory
tar xzfv BIT1.tar.gz . #home directory
cd PTC
cd BIT1
tar xvzf bit1_n_18.tar.gz
cd BIT1_n_18
make
./BIT1
```


OOPD1 and BIT1 tasks:

- ▶ OOPD1 tasks:
 - ▶ Run first simple test.inp and than argon_10mTorr_27MHz.inp, compare both parameters.
 - ▶ Changing input parameters compare output plasma parameters;
- ▶ BIT1 tasks:
 - ▶ Input file and output results,
 - ▶ Tokamak simulations JET and ITER.
 - ▶ Compare all PIC results

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



EuroHPC
Joint Undertaking

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