

Introduction to HPC and HPCFS cluster usage

Date: 9 Feb 2022

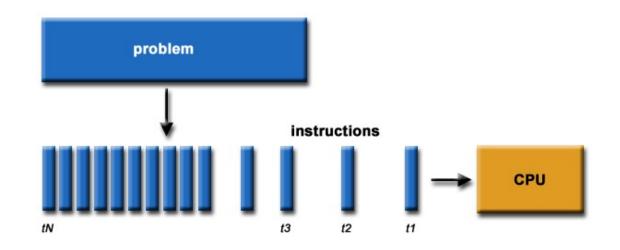
Introduction to parallel computing

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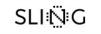
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- Usually is the program written for serial execution on one processor
- We divide the problem into series of commands that can be executed in paralllel
- Only one command at a time can be executed on one CPU

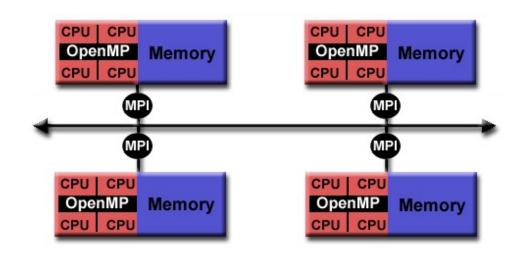


Parallel programming models



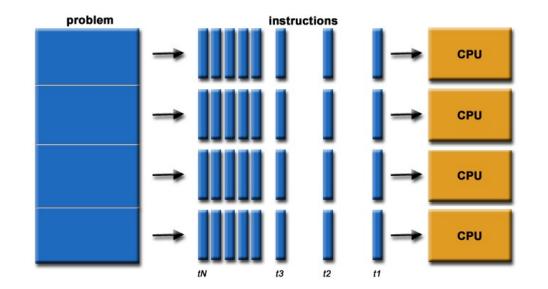


- Threading
- OpenMP automatic parallelization
- Distributed memory model = Message Passing Interface (MPI) manual parallelization needed
- Hybrid model OpenMP/MPI





- Parallel processing of the same subproblems on multiple prooocessors
- No communication is needed between processes

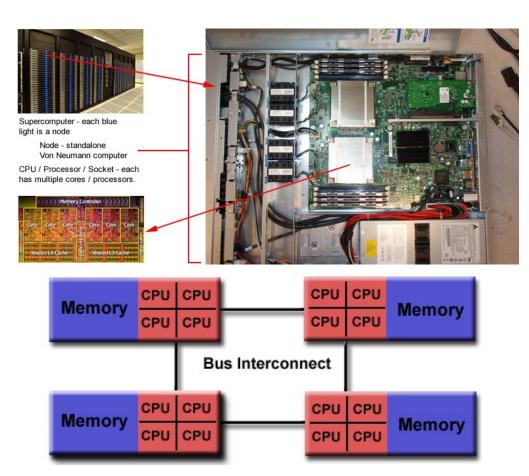


Logical view of a computing node





- Need to know computer architecture
- Interconnect bus for sharing memory between processors (NUMA interconnect)

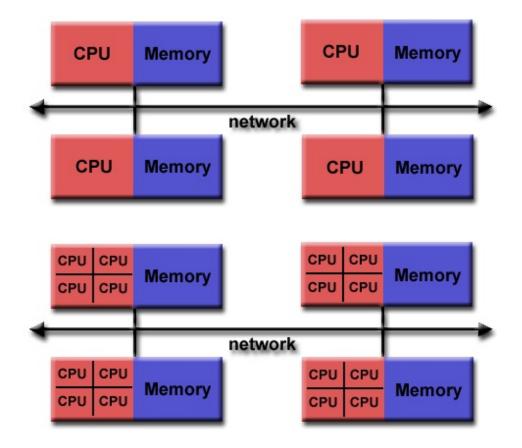


Nodes interconnect





- Distributed computing
- Many nodes exchange messages on
 - high speed,
 - low latency interconnect such as Infiniband



Development of parallel codes

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- Good understanding of the problem being solved in parallel
- How much of the problem can be run in parallel
- Bottleneck analysys and profiling gives good picture on scalability of the problem
- We optimize and parallelize parts that consume most of the computing time

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• Problem needs to be disected into parts functionally and logically

Interprocess communications

Having little an infrequent communication between processes is the best

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- Determining the largest block of code that can run in parallel and still provides scalability
- Basic properties

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- response time
- transfer speed bandwidth
- interconnect capabilities

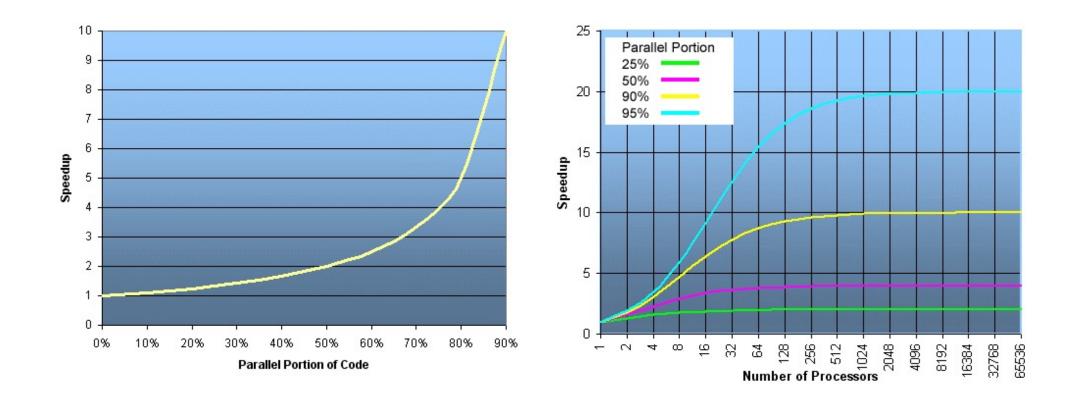
Parallel portion of the code determines code scalability



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• Amdahlov law Speedup = 1/(1-p)

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We are solving a set of matrix equations of the form [K]{u} = {f}. Here [K] is referred to as the stiffness matrix; {f} as the force vector and {u} as the set of unknowns.

Several milions of unknowns Lot of zeros in K

Direct solvers: Multfront, MUMPS, and LDLT, Pardiso, ... Iterative solvers: PETSc and GCPC, ...

Computer Aided Engineering open source tools



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CAD/CAM: Salome, Freecad, OpenSCAD, LibreCad, Pycam, Camotics, dxf2gcode & Cura FEA, CFD & multiphysic simulation: Salome-Meca / Code-Aster, SalomeCFD/Code-Saturne, HelyxOs/OpenFOAM, Elmer FEM, Calculix with Launcher & CAE GUI, Impact FEM, MBDyn, FreeFEM, MFEM, Sparselizard Meshing, pre-post, & visualization: Salome, Paraview, Helyx-OS, Elmer GUI, VoxelMesher, Tetgen, CGX, GMSH



- Demonstration of the work on the cluster by repeating
- Access with NX client
- Learning basic Linux commands
- SLURM scheduler commands
- Modules
- Development with OpenMP and OpenMPI parallel paradigms
- Excercises and extensions of basic ideas
- Instructions available at http://hpc.fs.uni-lj.si/



- Setting GNOME or KDE desktop locale preferences for keyboard, LANG environment
- Using NX client (Disconnect, Terminate, Logout)
- Console commands in Linux
- Editors for programming (emacs, gedit, kate, eclipse, vi, pico, ...) on login only!

Modules (LUA)

- module avail
- module help/info
- module show
- module load/unload
- module list
- module purge

SLURM batch scheduler

Compiled-in OpenMPI support

- srun --nodes=N --ntasks=n cmd
- sbatch script.sh
- sinfo
- squeue
- Alias for interactive usage of nodes:
- alias node='srun -N1 --time=1:00:00 --pty bash -i'

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Using SLURM (interactivelly) and Message Passing Interface (MPI)

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```
[leon@viz mpi]$ module purge && module load foss/2019a
[leon@viz mpi]$ cat hello.f90
program hello
  use mpi
   integer rank, size, ierror, strlen, status(MPI_STATUS_SIZE)
   character(len=MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME) :: hostname
   call MPI_INIT(ierror)
   call MPI_COMM_SIZE(MPI_COMM_WORLD, size, ierror)
   call MPI_COMM_RANK(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rank, ierror)
   call MPI_GET_PROCESSOR_NAME( hostname, strlen, ierror )
   print*, trim(hostname), rank, size
   call MPI_FINALIZE(ierror)
end
[leon@viz mpi]$ mpif90 hello.f90
[leon@viz mpi]$ LD_PRELOAD= srun -n 4 --tasks-per-node=2 --kill-on-bad-
exit --partition=haswell ./a.out
cn80
```

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OpenMP





```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#define N 1000000
int main()
  double area = 0.0;
  #pragma omp parallel for reduction(+:area)
  for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
      double x = (i+0.5)/N;
      area += sqrt(1.0 - x*x);
  printf("Površina : %14lf\n", 4.0*area/N);
  return 0;
[leon@cn36 pi]$ module purge && module load foss/2019a
[leon@cn36 pi]$ gcc -fopenmp pi-openmp.c -lm -o pi-openmp
[leon@cn36 pi]$ OMP NUM THREADS=4 ./pi-openmp
```



Hvala za pozornost!



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