#### Trade-off

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Studen TradeOff

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### Alternative reconstruction methods: WLS



WLS:

$$\chi^2 = (\mathbf{y} - A\lambda)^T C(\mathbf{y} - A\lambda)$$
  
 $C = diag^{-1}(A\lambda)$ 

Benefits:

- PDF is defined for  $x \in \Re$ .
- Negligibly more complex:

$$\lambda_i^+ = \frac{\lambda_i}{S_i} \sum_j A_{ji} \frac{y_j^2}{(A\lambda)_j^2} \qquad (1)$$

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## WLS and MLEM comparison



WLS:

• Require equal projected and measured sinogram count:

$$\sum_{k} (A\lambda)_{k} = \sum_{k} y_{k}$$

• Iteration step modified to:  $\sum_{k} y_{k} \lambda_{i} \sum_{k} y_{i}^{2}$ 

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$$\lambda_{i}^{+} = \frac{\sum_{k} y_{k}}{\sum_{k} \frac{y_{k}^{2}}{(A\lambda)_{k}}} \frac{\lambda_{i}}{S_{i}} \sum_{j} A_{ji} \frac{y_{j}}{(A\lambda)_{j}^{2}}$$
(2)

### Sinogram smoothing



Sinogram smoothing:

 $\mathbf{y}' = W\mathbf{y}$  $\mathcal{A}' = W\mathcal{A}$ 

W is a square matrix in sinogram space

 In our case, smooting is a Gaussian σ wide along p

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#### **Convergence** parameters



- Similar properties
- Better convergence of smoothed images, if anything

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# Smoothing high-res data: iter 200



Smoothing of 1.6 and 4.8 mm rods

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